

Math 3200 Review- Chapter 3 Polynomials

1. What is the leading coefficient for the polynomial $P(x) = -2(3-x)^2(1+2x)$?

-4

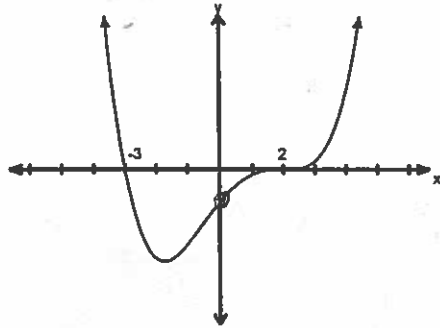
2. What is the degree of the polynomial in #1? 3

3. Solve for x: $-2x(x+5)^2(2x-7)=0$
 $x=0$ $x=-5$ $x=\frac{7}{2}$

4. What are the x-intercepts for the function $f(x) = x^2 - 3$? $x = \pm\sqrt{3}$

5. What is the y-intercept for the function $f(x) = (x-3)(2x-5)+7$?
 $y = 22$ $(-3)(-5)+7 = 22$

6. What is the equation for the quartic below? The y-intercept is (0, -1)



$$y = a(x+3)(x-2)^3$$

$$-1 = a(0+3)(0-2)^3$$

$$-1 = a(3)(-8)$$

$$-\frac{1}{24} = a\left(\frac{-24}{-24}\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{24} = a$$

$$y = \frac{1}{24}(x+3)(x-2)^3$$

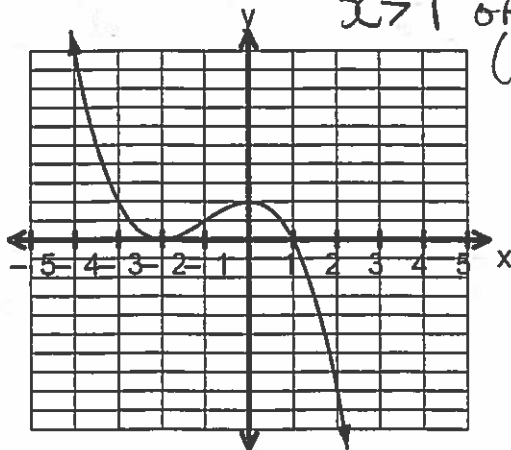
7. What is the quotient when $P(x) = 3x^3 - 7x^2 + 8x - 2$ is divided by $(x+1)$?

$$3x^2 - 10x + 18$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -1 \ 3 \ -7 \ 8 \ -2 \\ \downarrow \ -3 \ 10 \ -18 \\ \hline 3 \ -10 \ 18 \ -20 \end{array}$$

8. On what interval(s) is $f(x)$ negative?

$x > 1$ OR $(1, \infty)$



11. What type of polynomial has at most four different single roots?

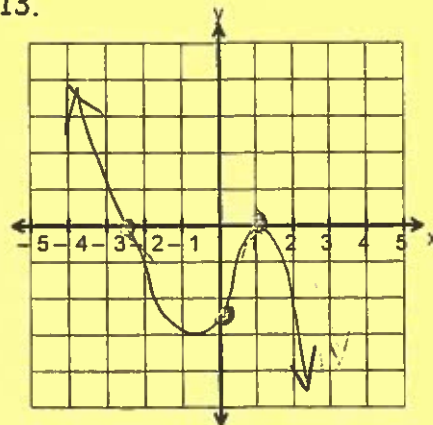
quartic

12. Sketch the following function without using your graphing calculator.

$$f(x) = -\frac{1}{2}(1-x)^2(2x+5)$$

y-int: -2.5

13.



13. $8x^3(x+1) - 1(x+1)$
 $(x+1)(8x^3 - 1)$

~~13. Completely factor the polynomial: $8x^4 + 8x^3 - x - 1$~~

14. Find the remainder when $P(x) = 2x^{50} - 7$ is divided by $(x+1)$ $R = -5$

15. List the possible factors for $P(x) = 2x^3 - 3x^2 + 4x - 6$. ~~*1*~~ $\pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 3, \pm 6$

16. If $P(-5) = 0$, then what binomial must be a factor of $P(x)$? $(x+5)$

17. Find $P(-2) = 0$, then -2 must be an x-intercept of the graph of $P(x)$.

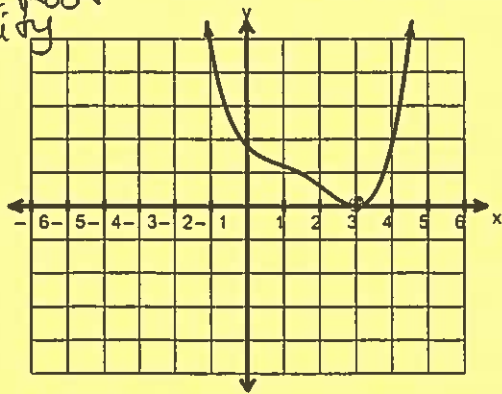
18. If $(x+2)$ is a factor of $3x^3 + kx^2 - 31x - 54$, then find the value of k .
 $3(-2)^3 + k(-2)^2 - 3(-2) - 54 = 0 \rightarrow -24 + 4k + 6 - 54 = 0$
 $4k = \frac{16}{4} \rightarrow k = 4$

19. The graph of the polynomial $P(x) = a(x-2)(3x+4)(x+1)$ passes through the point $(-2, 16)$. Find the value of "a".

20. Solve for x : $x^2 + 5x - 6 = 0$ $(x+6)(x-1) = 0$ $x = -6, 1$

21. What kind of root does the quartic graphed below have at 3?

Double root
 (multiplicity 2)



19. $16 = a(-2-2)(3(-2)+4)(-2+1)$
 $16 = a(-4)(-2)(-1)$
 $\frac{16}{-8} = \frac{a(-8)}{-8}$
 $-2 = a$

22. Find an equation for the quartic graph

$$y = a(x+2)^3(x)$$

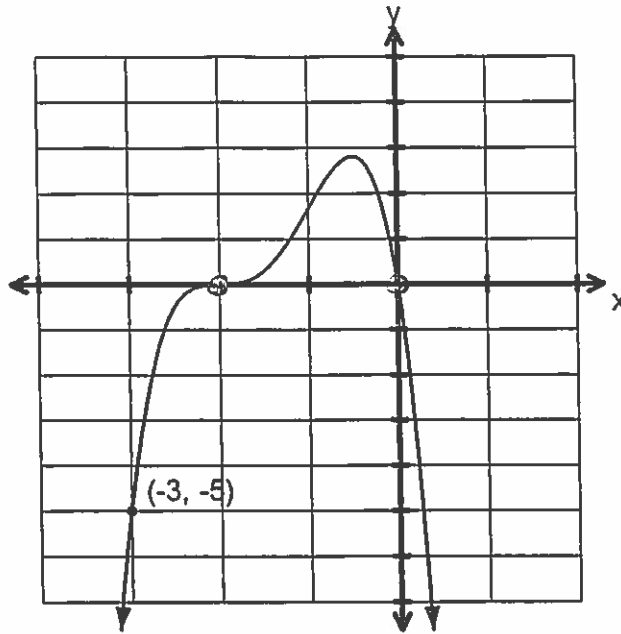
$$-5 = a(-3+2)^3(-3)$$

$$-5 = a(-1)^3(-3)$$

$$-5 = a(3)$$

$$\frac{-5}{3} = a$$

$$y = -\frac{5}{3}x(x+2)^3$$



23. Use the INTEGRAL ROOTS thrm to algebraically solve the polynomial equation:

$$x^3 - 7x + 6 = 0.$$

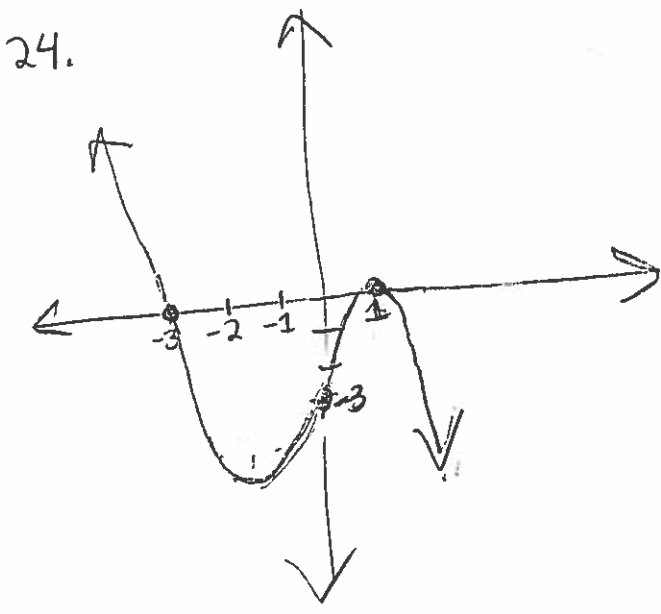
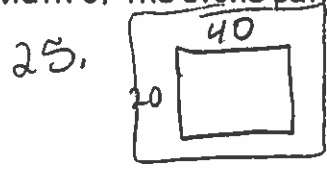
0	-7	6	$x^2 + x - 6$	$x = -3, 2, 1$
-1	-6	6	$(x+3)(x-2)$	

24. Without using your graphing calculator, sketch the graph of $f(x) = -x^3 - x^2 + 5x - 3$.

$$0 = -(x^3 + x^2 - 5x + 3)$$

1	1	-5	3	$x^2 + 2x - 3$	$x = 1, -3, 1$
1	2	-3	0	$(x+3)(x-1)$	

25. An interlocking stone path that is x ft wide is built around a rectangular garden. The garden is 20 ft wide by 40 ft long. The combined surface area of the garden and the pathway is 1196 ft². What is the width of the stone pathway? Solve algebraically and show all workings.



$$(20+2x)(40+2x) = 1196$$

$$800 + 120x + 4x^2 = 1196$$

$$4x^2 + 120x - 396 = 0$$

$$4(x^2 + 30x - 99) = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-30 \pm \sqrt{(30)^2 - 4(1)(-99)}}{2(1)}$$

$$x = \frac{-30 \pm \sqrt{1296}}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{-30 \pm 36}{2} \quad (x = 3), -3$$